14: Embedded SW Engineering

Switching to SW engineering

Where we've been

Nitty-gritty of embedded (physics, architecture, memory, clocks)

Where we're going

Bigger picture: software engineering for embedded



What is the difference between software engineering and programming?

People skills

Software engineering involves working with people, to make products that will be used by people

We are not flawless, nor are we machines

We have biases, bad days, grudges, weaknesses, but also empathy, collaboration, and diverse viewpoints

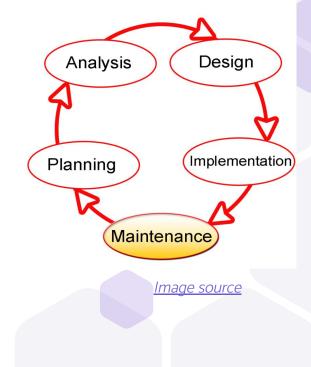


What are some ways that sloppy communication or poor management can make for bad code?

System development life cycle

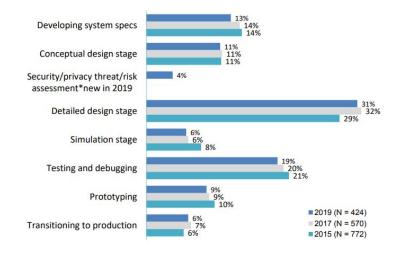
5-10+ stages, may include

- Idea or solicitation by customer
- Marketing
- Planning
- Requirements/analysis
- Design
- Implementation/development
- Testing
- Verification and validation
- Operation/maintenance



Planning and design makes up majority of SW process

What percentage of your design time is spent on each of the following stages?



EETimes embedded

2019 Embedded Markets Study

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Illustrative example: standing desk





What would it make more sense to do first:

- 1. Write standing desk controller requirements
 - 2. Unit test standing desk controller
 - 3. Write standing desk user requirements
 - System test standing desk

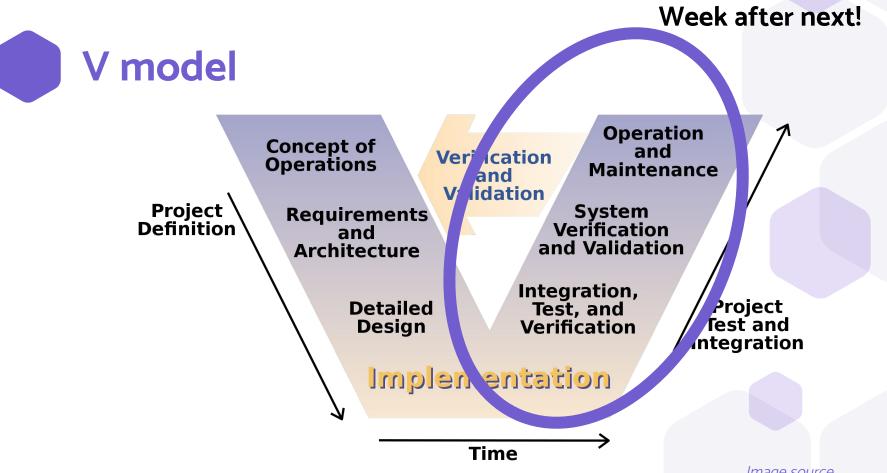


Image source



Product requirements

What the product does from the customer POV

Software requirements

What the product does from the SW POV (high-level, not the "how")

High level/architecture design What modules there are in the system, which module performs which function, how modules communicate

Low level/module design

Flowcharts, statecharts/finite state machines, algorithms...

Software requirements

High level/architect ure design Low level/module

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Product requirements

Product requirements

Our electric height-adjustable table allows you to easily and effortlessly change from sitting to standing positions throughout your day. Raising and lowering the table is simple, using its ultra quiet, feature-rich electric mechanism. It's an essential tool to any modern workspace.

Details:

- Changing your posture often keeps you more engaged and more comfortable
- Meetings are significantly shorter when standing vs. sitting
- Height-adjustable tables are essential to modern workspaces and prized by office workers everywhere
- Push-button activation with height display readout
- 3 memory positions

Customer-facing Can be a list of features Used in marketing

image source

Software requirements

Written with specific wording and format

"Shall" - the software **must** do this

"Should" - the software has this goal

Labeled or numbered (RS-1, RS-2, RS-2.a...)

Precise and measurable

Quantitative over qualitative

Can be tested

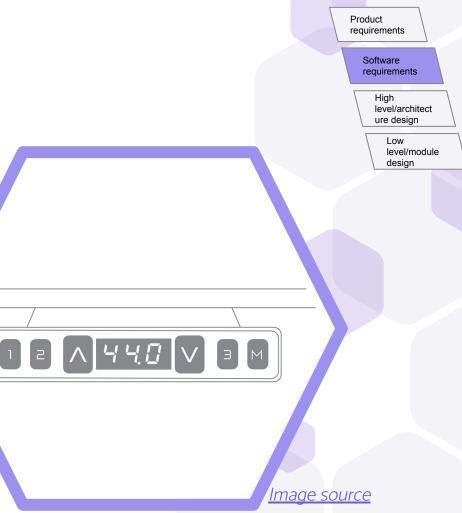
What the software does, not how

Product requirements	
Software requirements	
High level/architect ure design	
Low level/module design	

Standing desk inputs

Current height*

Buttons: 1, 2, 3, up, down, M



Standing desk outputs

Motor command (stopped, up, down)

Display

Product requirements Software requirements High level/architect ure design Low level/module design

Standing desk requirements

R1: If the desk is not at its maximum height, and the up button is held, the motor shall be commanded UP

R2: If the M button is pressed and released, and one of the numbered buttons [1, 2, 3] is pressed and released within 10 seconds, then the current height shall be stored as a preset for the corresponding numbered button

R3: If one of the numbered buttons [1, 2, 3] is held, the motor should be commanded such that the desk height moves to the corresponding preset height

Product requirements

Software requirements

High level/architect ure design Low level/module design



Come up with additional requirement(s) that refine the preset behavior

R3: If one of the numbered buttons [1, 2, 3] is held, the motor should be commanded such that the desk height moves to the corresponding preset height

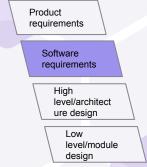
Refined requirements

R4 The presets shall be retained even if the desk is unplugged

R5 If two of the numbered buttons are pressed at the same time, the desk shall only consider the lower-numbered one as an input

R6 The motor shall only be commanded UP or DOWN if [one of the buttons] is pressed

R7-a If one of the preset buttons is held down and the corresponding preset height is greater than the current height, then the motor shall be commanded UP



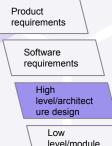
High-level/architecture design

How components fit together and what the interfaces are Boxes-and-arrows diagram: **boxes** are components,

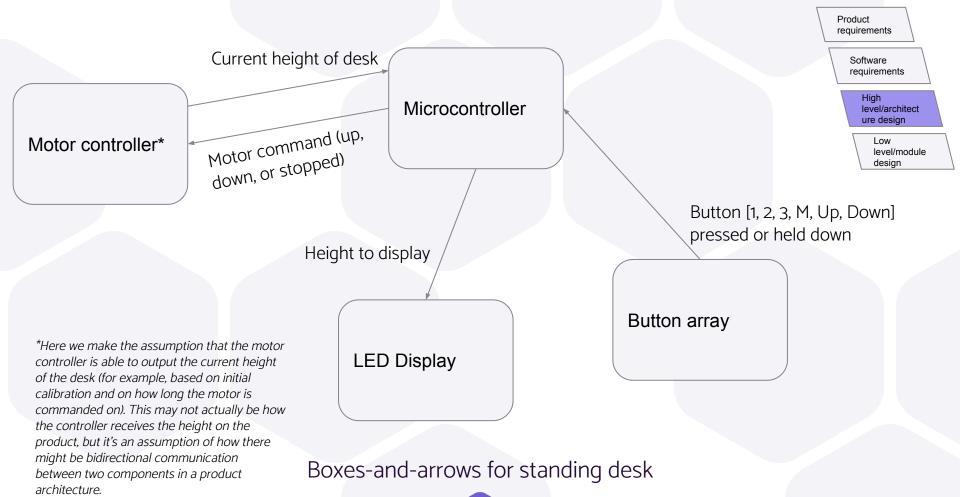
arrows are interfaces

Rule-of-thumb: should fit on one page

Details of components are left to detailed design



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Sequence diagrams

Shows interaction between components

Columns: components

Arrows between columns: data sent across interfaces

Temporally arranged (lower is later)

Usually one for each customer **scenario**

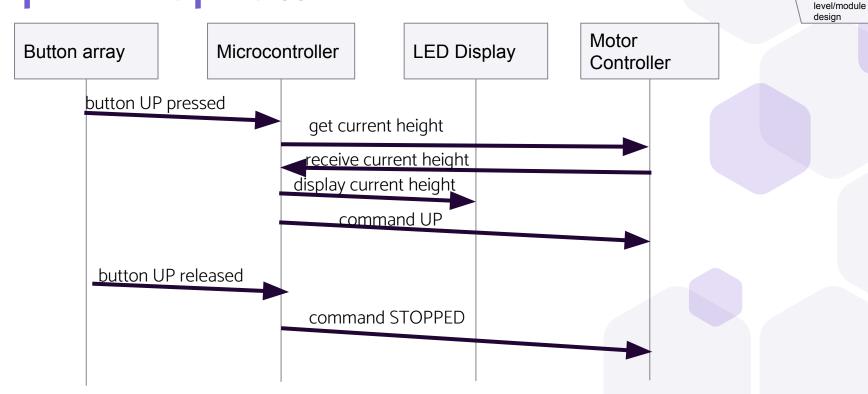
Scenario is variant of a **use case**

Product requirements

Software requirements

High level/architect ure design Low level/module design

Scenario: user wants to raise desk, presses up button and desk rises



Product requirements

Software requirements

High level/architect

ure design Low

Product requirements Software requirements Scenario: store current height as High level/architect ure design preset 2 Low level/module desian Motor **Microcontroller** LED Display Button array Controller M pressed, M released Get current height Current height Display current height Start 10s timer 2 pressed Display nothing, display Store current current height, display height in preset 2 nothing