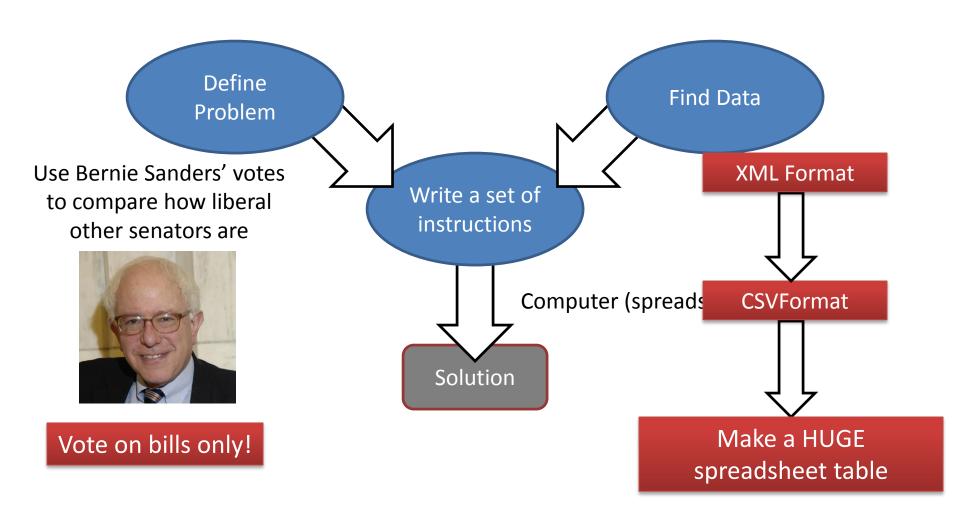
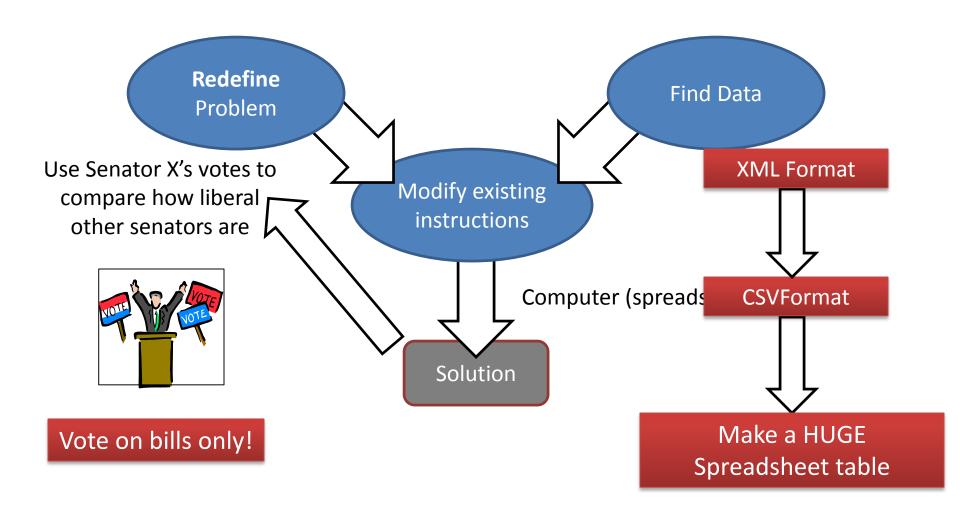
Ranking Senators with Senator X's Votes

Feb 11, 2016

What We've Accomplished



New Problem



In Activity 1-3, you'll...

- Learn new spreadsheet techniques
- Rank relative to any senator, not just Bernie
- Task 2 will make a nice spreadsheet that can be used by others

Start by doing Task 1 with a partner...

Reminder about OFFSET

OFFSET: Returns a reference to a *range* (or cell) that is a specified number of rows and columns from a base *range* (or cell).

OFFSET (reference, rows, cols)

Go ahead and start on Part 1.

Let's do Task 1

After task 1

- Any questions?
- Move on to Task 2: making a spreadsheet that shows comparison results vs ANY senator, not just Sanders.

Activity 1-3

- Task 2
 - We broke this task down into manageable pieces.
 - Nice formatting is useful
 - This spreadsheet is now useful for other people
 - It's a generalization of the Sanders spreadsheet, and took almost no time to create!
 - If you'd done the Sanders work by hand, redoing it for a new senator would have taken just as long

Rankings

- Who is least like Bernie?
- What are the rankings relative to that person?
- How do they compare to the Bernie rankings?
 - Rank Bernie on your screen; get a friend to reverse-rank vs Bernie's nemesis. Compare.

Discussion

- Is ranking relative to Sanders (or Coburn)
 really a measurement of liberalness? If so,
 why don't they give exact opposite results?
- What if we had used Warren, or some other very liberal senator, instead of Sanders? Same results? Shuffled?
- Let's look at all possible orderings!

So Far

- What have we accomplished?
 - ACT1-1:
 - Imported voting data from the web
 - Filtered out rows and columns that aren't needed
 - Converted "Yea", "Nay", "Not Voting/Present" into numbers using nested IF statements
 - Made a pivot table to summarize these numbers

So Far

- What have we accomplished?
 - ACT1-2:
 - Made a new sheet that converts numbers representing individual votes into numbers that represent agreement with Bernie Sanders on each vote
 - Absolute addressing (using the \$) was important when we wrote formulas that depended on specific rows
 - Computed a similarity/distance score between each senator and Bernie – we called it rank, and it could range from -1 to 1

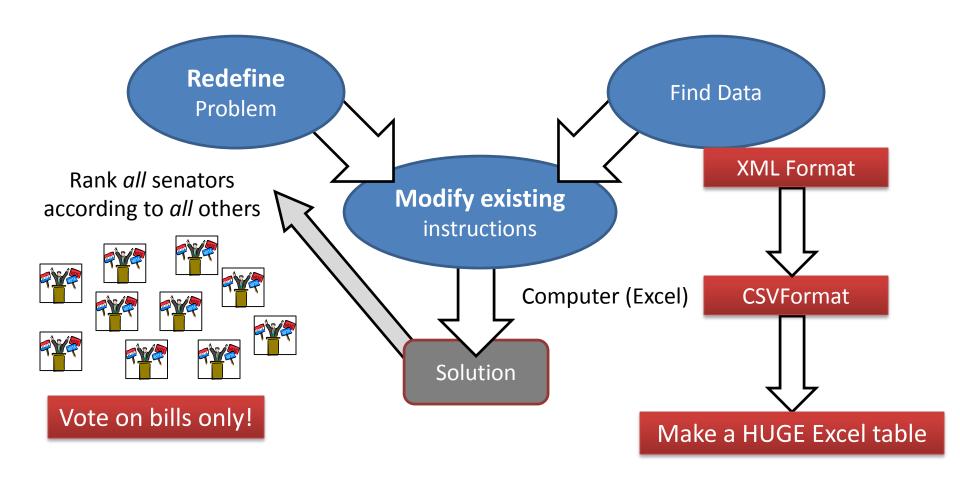
So Far

- What have we accomplished?
 - ACT1-3:
 - Made a new sheet that converts numbers representing individual votes into numbers that represent agreement with a selected senator on each vote
 - The sheet is interactive; it uses **data validation** to make sure inputs like senator names exist in the table
 - Healthy use of MATCH and OFFSET to take the chosen senator name and find the corresponding data in the other sheets

Next Class

 What if we want to look at how all senators rank compared to all others?

Next Class



Compare Every Pair in One Table

What We Have:

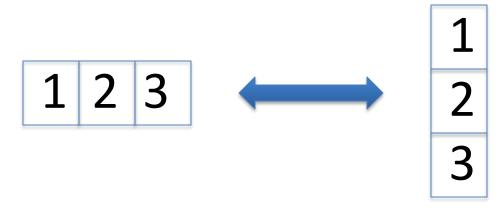
	1:101	1:115	1:129	1:138
Akaka	Yea	Yea	Yea	Yea
Alexander	Yea	Yea	Yea	Yea
Ayotte	Nay	Yea	Yea	Yea
Barrasso	Yea	Yea	Yea	Yea

What We Want:

	Akaka	Alexander	Ayotte	Barraso
Akaka	1	0.314285714	0.085714286	0.117647059
Alexander	0.314285714	1	0.657142857	0.647058824
Ayotte	0.085714286	0.657142857	1	0.764705882
Barrasso	0.117647059	0.647058824	0.764705882	1

Next Class

- ACT1-4: Arrays
 - Write formulas where the output is in multiple cells (e.g., transposing a row into a column)



 We'll see how these formulas can help us compute lots of things at once

Next time

- Build that similarity table
- Following HW, we'll be able to build it with a much simpler method
- How can we make sense of the 10,000 items in it?