

gRPC





Lab posted online

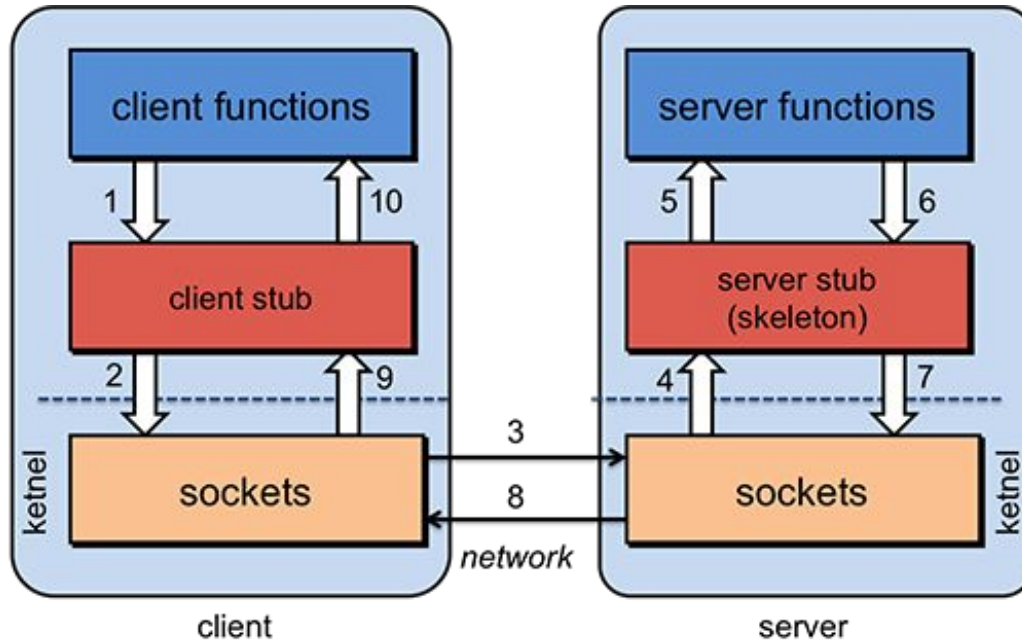
<http://cs.brown.edu/courses/cs138/s18/content/labs/grpc.pdf>



Motivation: PuddleStore!

- Every project progressively contained less and less RPC support code
- In Puddlestore you will be creating your own RPC methods and data from scratch

Remote Procedure Call





Protocol Buffers

- “Google's language-neutral, platform-neutral, extensible mechanism for serializing structured data”
- Similar to XML but more efficient
- Starting point for RPC implementation

Definitions





When to use RPC calls?

- Need to change the state of a remote node
- Need to retrieve information from the remote node



Protobuf file

- Filename ends with “.proto”
- Includes syntax and package
- Contains messages and service

File:

```
1  syntax = "proto3";  
2  
3  package myPackage;  
4  
5  // define service  
6  
7  // define messages  
...
```




Protobuf messages

- Protobuf's version of “struct”
- Types include: bool, int32, float, double, and string
- Nested object definitions
- Enum values
- Repeated fields
- Numbers represent unique tags for each field
 - = 1; = 2; ... etc

```
message Person {  
    string name = 1;  
    int32 id = 2;  
    string email = 3;  
  
    enum PhoneType {  
        MOBILE = 0;  
        HOME = 1;  
        WORK = 2;  
    }  
  
    message PhoneNumber {  
        string number = 1;  
        PhoneType type = 2;  
    }  
  
    repeated PhoneNumber number = 4;  
}
```



Protobuf services

- Protobuf's version of “methods”
- Must contain one input and one output
 - can use “empty” data types if field is not needed
- Inputs and outputs are predefined messages
- Requires the “rpc” keyword

```
service RaftRPC {  
    rpc JoinCaller(RemoteNode) returns (Ok) {}  
    rpc GetIdCaller(Empty) returns (IdReply) {}  
}
```



Compiling protobuf

- Compile

```
$ protoc -I=$SRC_DIR $SRC_DIR/example_rpc.proto --go_out=$DST_DIR
```

```
$ /course/cs1380/bin/cs138_protoc -I . ./example_rpc.proto --go_out=plugins=grpc:.
```

- Creates `example_rpc.pb.go` with Go implementation of defined objects and interface
- Messages -> structs
- Service -> interface



Implementing gRPC methods

- Implement the service interface (e.g. RaftNode implementing `Caller` functions)
- Service RPC methods will compile to the form

`JoinCaller(context.Context, *RemoteNode) returns (*Ok, error)`

- Note:
 - Contains context object as an argument
 - RPC object arguments are pointers
 - Additional error return value
- (Recommended) RPC methods that implements client side of call... Calls Caller methods.

Communication





Client vs Server

Client:

- Connects to server through address (includes port)
- Converts local data to RPC messages and receives RPC messages back
- (optional) methods end in “RPC”

Server:

- listens for clients on port
- Implements methods in service interface
- (optional) methods end in “Caller”
- Converts RPC messages to local data and replies with RPC messages



Server/Client communication

- Without gRPC:
 - Server listens on port, Client connects to server's address and port
- With gRPC:
 - Similar but wrapped with grpc objects and functions



Receiving RPCs (Server)

- Requires:
 - An object that implements the services interface in *.pb.go
 - A listening connection object (using port)
 - A grpc Server object
- Steps:
 - Register object as grpc server
 - Listen for RPCs

```
// Create conn
conn := Listen(...)
// Create grpc server
s := grpc.NewServer()
// Create receiving object
myNode := Node {
    // data fields
}
// register and serve
RegisterMyServiceServer(s,
&myNode)
go s.Serve(conn)

// implement Caller methods
```




Sending RPCs (Client)

- Requires:
 - A grpc Client object (using address + port)
- Steps:
 - Use client object to call methods on server
- DialOptions examples:
 - `grpc.WithInsecure()`
 - `grpc.FailOnNonTempDialError(true)`

```
// Create grpc client
conn, err := grpc.Dial(addr, ...
dialOptions)
// Register client
cc = NewMyServiceClient(conn)

// user "Caller" methods on client
obj
cc.JoinCaller(...)
```



Raft

- RaftNodes is both a client and a server:
 - Each RaftNode object contains `*grpc.Server` to receive RPC calls
 - Calls RPC on other nodes by using RPC methods with extensive ConnClient Managment



Additional resources

- Protobuf:
 - <https://developers.google.com/protocol-buffers/>
- gRPC:
 - <https://grpc.io/>
- Lab exercise:
 - <http://cs.brown.edu/courses/cs138/s18/content/labs/grpc.pdf>



Questions?



Goodluck

