

This document shows an example of the use of the *subeqnarray* environment. Here is one:

$$x = a \times b \tag{1a}$$

$$= z + t \tag{1b}$$

$$= z + t \tag{1c}$$

The first equation is number 1a, the last is 1c. The equation as a whole can be referred to as equation 1.

To show that equation numbers behave normally, here's an *eqnarray* environment.

$$x = a \times b \tag{2}$$

$$= z + t \tag{3}$$

$$= z + t \tag{4}$$

These are equations 2, 3 and 4.