Brown University
Department of Computer Science

HTA Missive

Meta-TAs and The Director of Undergraduate Studies 2017-2018

October 13, 2017
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0 About this document

This document outlines the role and responsibilities of head teaching assistants within the Department of Computer Science. It describes the tasks which are required of most, if not all, HTAs, and includes important information regarding administrative and technical practices. Some of the content found in this missive will not apply to every course, but it is a useful resource nonetheless. All HTAs, new and returning, are strongly recommended to read this document and refer to it as necessary.

0.1 Contributors

This document was majorly revamped by Ashley Tuccero (MTA-Admin, 2009-2011). It has been updated for the current year by Alyssa Baum and Katya Schwiegershausen (Meta-TAs for 2017-2018).

0.2 Related documents

These documents contain other information about the department that may be of interest to HTAs:

- Official HTA Job Description: http://cs.brown.edu/ugrad/jobs/hta/

1 Basic responsibilities

Congratulations on being hired as a head teaching assistant! We hope that you are excited for the coming semester and the challenges (and rewards!) it will bring.

Being a head TA is a large responsibility. You are entrusted with thinking of the “big picture”: that is, what is your course’s mission, and how will you achieve it? It is up to you to think ahead, to stay on top of things, and to know when to delegate to your UTAs and when to escalate to your professor. You will be hiring a staff, planning TA camp, and making sure that assignments and grades go out on schedule.

In addition to these new responsibilities, you are still expected to adhere to the policies outlined in the UTA missive (found at http://cs.brown.edu/courses/ta/pubs/uta_missive.pdf). Now more than ever, you must remain professional at all times. You set the tone for how your course’s UTAs will behave, which affects the experience that your students have, which in turn contributes to the reputation of our department as a whole. Be respectful of your students, staff, and of course, your professor.
2 Immediate tasks

The following tasks should be undertaken once you have been officially hired as a head TA:

• Once the MTAs have asked Problem to add you to the cs-XXXXhta UNIX group, you will automatically begin receiving emails sent to the course’s HTA email alias, csXXXXheadtas@lists.brown.edu. Verify that it sends mail to the correct people and begin using it!

• Double check that your course directory has been cleared out of all student information from previous years. All old grades should be permissioned such that only your professor has access.

3 UTA hiring process

Before you begin interviewing UTA applicants, set up a meeting with your professor to discuss what kind of course development will be done for next semester. From there, develop a rough plan of what will need to be done at TA camp: will you be writing new problem sets and solution keys? Creating a new project (and new support code to go with it)? Adding a new unit or removing an old one? Once you have a rough plan for TA camp, pick a start date which will give you enough time to accomplish these goals. You and your co-HTAs may wish to return a few days before this start date to plan and prepare for TA camp. Remember to budget about a day for the UTA training, which is mandatory for all TAs—even returning TAs and head TAs! The Meta-TAs will let you know the earliest day your TA camp may start.

3.1 Recruitment and the UTA Infosession

Head TAs are encouraged to actively recruit potential UTAs. How you do this is up to you and your professor, but you may wish to consider e-mailing people who TA’ed the course or did well in it as students last year. Individual e-mails which address the recipient by name are much more effective than Bcc’d mass e-mails. At this point, you should start using a more professional tone in your e-mails as a head TA. You may use your new HTA mail alias as your Reply-To address if you’d like, but never send e-mail directly from that alias—many people consider this rude (especially when there are multiple HTAs).

The UTA Infosession is usually held shortly after the new head TAs are announced. This is where professors and head TAs have the opportunity to advertise their course to prospective UTAs and students. Usually, this consists of a speech lasting a minute or so in which the professor and/or HTA explains what topics are covered in the course, what changes will be made to it next semester, who should take it/TA it, etc. Many undergraduates attend the UTA Infosession, making it the easiest way to pitch your course to a wide audience. It is
important that your course be represented.

3.2 Applications

The application process is administered by the Meta-TAs. Applications open immediately after the UTA Infosession. While applications are open, you can email mta@cs.brown.edu to check on the applications for your course. In addition, the Meta-TAs will send out a preliminary list of applicants to professors about half way through the application period. Once applications close, your professor will receive a CSV containing information on all your applicants.

3.3 Interviewing: the “Do’s”

Once applications close, you will want to begin scheduling interviews. Remember that it is department policy to interview all of your applicants unless you have some objective metric to decide not to interview an applicant. This metric must be applied uniformly across all your applicants. An example of an appropriate metric would be not interviewing anyone who hasn’t taken the course. Even returning TAs should be interviewed, as returning TAs are not automatically rehired. When contacting your applicants to schedule interviews, be sure not to accidentally publicize the list of applicants. Do not paste all their e-mail addresses into the “To:” or “CC:” fields, as this is equivalent to publishing a list of your applicants. You should either send e-mails directly to each applicant or use BCC. Be sure to use the e-mail address specified on their applications, as not everyone reads their CS account regularly.

To set up interviews, we suggest that you use some form of a scheduling tool such as Google appointment slots.

It is up to you to determine how long you would like to spend with each applicant, although previous HTAs have noted that 20-30 minutes is ideal (and anything less than 15 minutes is probably unfair). During your interviews, you may wish to do the following:

- Describe the job and the responsibilities associated with it (e.g. attending class, attending a weekly TA meeting, writing homework problems, grading, holding office hours, occasional help sessions).
- Tell the applicant when TA camp will start. You may ask them if they will be able to attend, but we encourage you to work out alternative arrangements, rather than disqualify, those who cannot attend camp
- Describe any changes you plan to make to your curriculum or coursework.
- Describe the approximate workload.
• Ask the applicant why they are interested in TAing and what related experience and coursework they have.

• Let them ask questions about the position and confirm that they have no qualms with the job description and time commitment.

• Ask about their technical skills (e.g. programming languages, \texttt{LaTeX}, web design, etc.)

• Review their knowledge of the course material. It may be helpful to have a few sample questions on hand.

• Review an interactive teaching situation (“Pretend you’re on hours and I am a student. Don’t worry about sounding like you’re patronizing me; talk the way you would to an average student on hours.”)

• Ask them what improvements and changes they would like to make to the course.

• Tell them when you expect to be contact applicants with offers. Note that this will be soon after the deadline to submit preferences to the Meta-TAs. Do not contact applicants about their hiring status before you have explicit permission to hire them from the Meta-TAs.

You should take notes from your interviews. You may wish to determine a set of criteria (e.g. “past teaching experience”, “understanding of course material”, “enthusiasm for topic”, etc.) and then give each applicant a 1-10 score for each category. Make sure to schedule time in between interviews to discuss your thoughts on each candidate with your professor. Spacing out interviews will also help your energy levels and recollection, and it will give you a buffer in case your interviews run behind schedule.

3.4 Interviewing: the “Don’ts”

Remember that you may not, under any circumstances, interview an applicant on your own. There should always be at least two representatives of your course present: you and your professor, you and another head TA, etc. If this is not possible, contact the Meta-TAs with your interview schedule and they will arrange for one of them to be present at each interview with you.

HTAs/graduate TAs should not be present for or participate in interviews if their presence would compromise the professionalism of the interview. This includes having had a past intimate relationship with a candidate, being roommates, close friends, etc.

There are also a few questions which you are not lawfully permitted to ask of your

Additionally, department policy states that you are not permitted to ask your applicants whether they have applied to other courses, if they would accept a position if offered one, what their course preferences are, etc.

3.5 Ranking candidates

After you have completed your interviews, please note that you are not authorized to begin making offers to the applicants you would like to hire, as they may be in contention with another course. Instead, you should decide which of your candidates are “above threshold” (i.e., you would be willing to make them an offer) and which are not. You should then rank the above-threshold candidates in order of preference, with your most desired applicants at the top. Please do not attempt to game the system, as this will result in delays in the hiring process. You may include equivalence classes of candidates you would like to hire equally. If you are unable to properly rank your preferences, then we will not take them into account when resolving conflicts. By placing a candidate below threshold, you are indicating that you would not like to hire that candidate even if your course would otherwise be understaffed.

You will submit your preferences as a CSV of ranked logins with the threshold clearly marked. You must include every applicant’s login on your preference csv even if they do not interview. It is important to get your preferences in by the deadline set by the Meta-TAs so that they can begin the hiring process promptly.

Note that faculty are ultimately responsible for the selection of UTAs. They do, of course, base this heavily on input from the HTAs.

3.6 The UTA Hiring Process

Many students apply to TA more than one course. The Meta-TAs resolve the conflicts which arise from the contention for these applicants. These conflicts are resolved through the process outlined in the UTA Hiring Process document.

3.7 Notifying applicants

After the Meta-TA’s resolve conflicts, they will send each course a list of candidates they may extend offers to. You should send notices to all the applicants you have been authorized to hire informing them that you would like to offer them the job and need to know whether they accept within 48 hours. You should not inform any applicants that they will not be
getting an offer. Once each of your applicants has replied definitively, tell the Meta-TAs if all have accepted, or if not, how many declined. Do not send offers to any applicants who were above threshold but whom you were not originally authorized to hire. They may be in contention. The Meta-TAs will determine who else on your list is not in contention with any other courses.

Once you have successfully hired as many TAs as your course was allocated, please do not send notices to your remaining applicants informing them that you are unable to offer them a position as they may have received another position elsewhere. After all courses have been fully staffed, the Meta-TAs will post the list of all hires to announce. Until announce has gone out please ask your staff to refrain from talking about their offers with others. After this post is made, you are welcome to hold a preliminary staff meeting before the semester ends.

4 Staff organization and training

Congratulations! At this point, you have a staff of UTAs chosen by you, your co-HTAs, and your professor. You will now want to begin preparing for TA camp and the coming semester.

4.1 Hand-off meeting

If possible, get together with the previous semester’s HTA(s) and the professor. This is one of the best ways to get on-track with the myriad of course-specific details related to development, administration, and staff organization. You may wish to ask them questions about what they would change about last year’s curriculum or how the course was run, what issues they ran into, etc.

4.2 Pre-semester gathering

You should try to get your UTAs and professor together at least once before the end of the semester so they can meet one another and start discussing their goals for the course. You may also wish to use this time to go over general TA responsibilities, assign individual TA jobs, etc.

Tell your UTAs to keep track of hours spent during this meeting so that they can log them once they get on payroll.

4.3 Working during Summer or Winter Break

HTAs should get authorization from Tom Doeppner to do any course development or preparation in the time between getting on payroll and the start of TA camp. When
requesting permission, you should have an idea of how many hours you will be working. After receiving authorization, you should log your hours as they are worked.

If you are interested in having your UTAs work over break you must first get approval for them to work from Tom Doeppner. When asking for approval you should list the number of TAs that will be working and how many hours they each will be working. Once you have gotten approval you should send the Meta-TAs the names of the TAs that will be working along with Tom’s approval email so that they can be put on payroll. Once on payroll, these TAs should be logging their hours as they are worked and you should keep an eye on these hours to make sure they do not exceed the authorized number.

4.4 Before TA camp

Your course may or may not have a TA camp, depending on the size and experience of your staff and how much development needs to be done for the semester. Please make sure your staff knows to be back in time for the mandatory UTA Training even if there is no camp.

If you are having TA camp, choose dates once the Meta-TAs release information regarding early housing. Inability to attend TA camp is not grounds for turning down an applicant. Some people come from far away (and perhaps have already purchased plane tickets at great expense) and requiring that all staff members attend TA camp introduces bias into the hiring process. That being said, you may require a very good reason for not attending TA camp.

The absolute earliest date that students living on-campus can move in to their dorms is set by Residential Life and will be communicated to you by the Meta-TAs as soon as it is available.

The department will pay for TAs to move in early to on-campus housing beginning the day before the start of their TA camp (e.g., if your TA camp starts on August 30th, your TAs may move in as early as August 29th without having to pay any fees). The Meta-TAs will request certain information from TAs who are moving in to a dorm early, such as when they are moving in, what their Banner IDs are, etc. It is vital that you ensure your TAs supply them with this information as soon as possible, and certainly before the deadline they set. Failure to do so may result in your TAs not being able to move in early.

UTAs returning early for TA camp are unable to use campus eateries. However, all TAs, including those who are TAing for course credit, will be paid hourly for time spent during TA camp. All TAs should be sure to log their hours promptly. The department may provide some meals to TAs during TA camp when possible.
4.5 During TA camp

Many courses spend most of their time updating course materials including assignments, lectures, and labs if your course has them. In addition to updates, TAs often go through the assignments again to double check that they are ready for students and refresh their knowledge of the material.

A good rule of thumb is that you want to be sure you have all the material that will be covered in the first two weeks of school set to go by the end of TA camp so that you can focus on the start up logistics and other miscellaneous tasks that tend to come up during shopping period. For the material that comes after, you can still be working on updating that as the semester gets underway.

As an HTA, you'll want to make sure that you have your system for grading and keeping track of grades ready to go by the end of TA camp. It's usually a good idea to do a short run through with your staff of the grading process so that they understand it and you can be sure it works as expected.

Depending on how experienced your staff is, you may also spend time teaching your TAs how to be good TAs by practicing with mock TA hours and other situations they are likely to find themselves in as TAs. The department TA trainings will help with this as well. These trainings go over some basics about professionalism, grading, and TA hours as well as technical skills that will be useful as a TA and training on inclusion and diversity topics.

During TA camp, you will also want to figure out some course logistics, such as whether you will need a handin or handback bin, whether you will need a course locker, when you want to hold lab, and when/where your TAs will hold hours. A few things to keep in mind while scheduling TA hours:

• Avoid having all your hours on the same day.

• Avoid having all your hours at the same time on different days (especially the same time on Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays or Tuesdays and Thursdays).

• Avoid holding hours before 5 p.m., when many students are still in class.

• Avoid being a jerk with your course’s hours schedule. If your homeworks are due on Tuesday mornings, do not schedule all of your hours on Tuesday nights. You should be scheduling your hours to maximize the number of students who will be able to use them, not to avoid students.

• Be flexible: you may have to reschedule some of your hours to avoid overcrowding the TA rooms. And again, remember to keep track of how much your UTAs are working during
TA camp!

Rooms for TA hours, labs, and grading meetings will be allocated at the all HTA meeting which is usually held the last Sunday morning of TA camp.

4.6 Staff organization

There are many ways to divide up responsibilities among your UTAs. Here are a few of the classic methods used by past HTAs:

• TA jobs: web TA, scripts TA, grades TA, labs TA, etc.
• Put each UTA or pair of UTAs in charge of a project, from start to finish. This can include editing handouts and rubrics, running help sessions, etc.
• Assign two or three TAs to each category of assignment (e.g. labs, sections, homeworks, projects).
• For classes with problem sets, split up solution and rubric writing on a per-problem or per-week basis.

5 Reference

5.1 Administrative References

5.1.1 Class Textbook and Classroom

These will be determined by your professor. If you would like to put your course text on reserve in the library, talk to your professor and have them make a request via OCRA. If there are any questions about the reservation process, please contact Rock-Reserves@brown.edu.

5.1.2 Syllabus

Depending on the professor you are working with, your course will put together some kind of syllabus with project/homework deadlines in it. Deciding who creates this document and sets these deadlines is between you and your professor.

Major deadlines are sometimes discussed with other course’s HTAs at the beginning of the semester so that the labs aren’t overwhelmed by multiple assignments due on the same day. Also, keep in mind that it puts undue pressure on the consultants (and students, for that matter) when assignments are due after the lab closes. Be sure to double-check holiday
schedules across a variety of faiths when considering due dates and late policies.

5.2 Compensation

5.2.1 Pay Rates

HTAs are paid per the following formula:

\[
\text{HTA pay} = 10.50 + 0.20 \times (\text{number of semesters previously TA'ed})
\]

To be paid, you need to fill out an I-9 form and a W-4 form. If you have worked for Brown before, you have already been cleared and do not need to worry about this as long as you are an undergraduate student, not an international student, and have not taken a leave of absence or studied abroad since I-9'ing.

If you have not completed the form, visit Brown Human Resources (room 213 in J. Walter Wilson) and fill out an I-9 form there, providing the required identification. A passport or a combination of state-issued ID and social security card work nicely. You can also refer to the full list on page 3 of the I-9 [here](#).

W-4s are now completed online. To complete it log on to Workday [here](#), then click the "Pay" circle, then click "Withholding Elections". In both the "Federal elections" and "state elections" tab, click "Update" to fill out the form.

As a head TA, you should check that each of your UTAs has done this. If a UTA does not complete their I-9 before the start of TA camp, they will receive a reminder from the Meta-TAs.

5.2.2 Logging Hours

All TAs who are working for pay are required to log their hours and submit timesheets using the university time tracking application, Workday. You can access Workday [here](#).

Timesheets are due in Workday on a weekly basis: Lori Agresti (who oversees payroll) will send an email to all student employees weekly as a reminder of this deadline which is Monday at 11am.

Hours submitted late are a major hassle for the TA program. Please try to have all the timesheets for your course submitted on time.

Note that during TA camp all TAs (those who are TA'ing for credit and those who are not) should be logging hours to be paid. However, all hours should reflect work that is being done on the course; no TAs should be logging hours for social events.
5.2.3 Reviewing Hours Logged

As an HTA you will be responsible for reviewing all hours logged by your UTAs. The Meta-TAs will provide these to you on a regular basis for review. The expectation is that UTAs should be logging 8-10 hours a week for all their duties. If the hours logged exceeds this, you should speak with the UTA to figure out why they are working that many hours and find a solution to reduce the number of hours to the expected range. The Meta-TAs will also review hours logged by HTAs and UTAs.

If your TAs are TA’ing for credit and pay, they should be logging only the hours they spend on grading. They should not log a flat number of hours every week but rather keep track of how many hours they actually spend grading and log that number of hours for the week.

If your TAs are TA’ing for credit, they should not be logging any hours post TA Camp.

5.2.4 TA’ing for Credit

HTAs may choose to TA for credit rather than pay. The Meta-TAs will send out a form to indicate whether you will TA for credit or pay. If you TA for credit, you should stop logging hours after TA camp and register on banner for either the full credit course (cs0081) or the half credit course (cs0082). It is extremely important that you register for one of these courses before the last day to add a class as once that happens there will be no way to give you course credit for TA’ing if you are not registered.

5.3 Discretionary Funds

Each course is allotted a small amount of money to use on food for its TAs during long grading meetings. The standard amount is $3 per student enrolled in the course via Banner after shopping period. You may access this money through your professor’s administrative assistant, or if they don’t have one, through Jane McIlmail (jane_mcilmail@brown.edu). Whenever you want to order pizza, buy sodas, or go out to dinner, you should go see your professor’s admin or Jane first. If you or one of your UTAs purchases food for your staff and wishes to be reimbursed for it, the receipt must be kept. If you do not have the receipt, the department will have no way to reimburse you.

5.4 Facilities

5.4.1 Rooms

The following rooms are some of those that are available for reservation:

MTA Managed
Check availability on the CIT Resource Spreadsheet distributed at the beginning of the semester. Contact the MTAs (mta@cs.brown.edu) with the day, time, room, and how many TAs to reserve:

- The Fishbowl (CIT 271). The Fishbowl is where many TA hours are typically held. TAs have access to the Fishbowl and may choose to work there at any time. TAs sometimes use the Fishbowl for doing work on their courses while hours are not being held. Students, however, should not be allowed to work in the Fishbowl. Usage priority for nodes in the Fishbowl is as follows: (1) TAs currently helping students on hours, (2) TAs on hours, (3) TAs off-hours doing TA-related work, (4) all other TA usage.

- Motorola (CIT 165). This first-floor lecture hall is popular for help sessions or non-computer TA hours for large courses. Its seating capacity is around 80. It is shared with the Registrar and may be occupied during the day.

- CIT 201. This large room can be reserved for TA hours or labs. For labs, you can reserve up to half of the lab (about 20 nodes).

- CIT 203. This is a small room with about 4 nodes. It can be used for TA hours. If the door is locked, you can borrow a key from the sunlab consultant on duty.

- CIT 205. This is a room with about 10 nodes. It can be used for TA hours. If the door is locked, you can borrow a key from the sunlab consultant on duty.

- CIT 207. This room has no computers but has large whiteboards. It can be used for lower volume TA hours that do not require computers. If the door is locked, you can borrow a key from the sunlab consultant on duty.

- CIT 219. This space is shared with the Registrar, so you may not be able to access it during the day. You may reserve it for TA hours, recitations or help sessions during the evening.

- Moonlab (CIT 227). The Moonlab is another room where many TA hours typically take place. The Moonlab, however, is shared with the Registrar and may be occupied during the day.

- The TA Lab (CIT 348). The TA Lab is a room for TAs to do course-related work. No students are permitted in this room—it is not for holding hours or interactive grading. Unless there is a shortage of machines, TAs are welcome to do non-TA work in this room as well. It has around ten nodes. This room is often reserved by courses for grading meetings requiring computers.
• The J-Lab (CIT 367) This room is only accessible to TAs. Many programming-intensive courses choose to reserve this room for grading meetings because of it has more nodes than the TA Lab (15 in total, to be exact). When grading meetings are not happening or there are free computers, TAs may use this room for their own work or TA work.

• Sunlab. You may reserve up to the first 5 rows of the Sunlab for labs or help sessions which require students to do work at a node. Most rows have eight nodes so you can reserve up to 40 nodes this way.

• MSLab. You may reserve up to half of the MSLab for labs (about 10 nodes) or help sessions which require students to do work at a node. While there are some Linux machines in the MSLab (specifically, every large, single-screened node can be switched between Mac and Linux by hitting Scroll Lock twice), Mac users always have priority in the MSLab. Usage priority for the MSLab is as follows: (1) students doing course-work on Macs, (2) students doing coursework on Linux, (3) all other usage. You must only use the half of the lab furthest from the door when holding labs here.

Reception Managed

Check for rooms and their availability here. Contact reception@cs.brown.edu to reserve.

If you’re booking on the weekend, especially, the room might be locked. MTAs have keys to these rooms so if you let us know in advance of when you’ll need the room unlocked we can come unlock it for you. Please don’t wait until the last minute to contact us! This creates chaos for everyone and may mean that your course won’t be able to use the room when you expect to.

25 Live Managed

Any other room you can think of is likely managed by 25 Live where you can view availability and make reservations.

Reservation Tips

• Which room you reserve should be determined by the capacity you need, whether your event is for students or TAs, and whether you need any special equipment (computers, projectors, etc.). Please note that the upper-level floors are closed to non-TA undergraduate students after business hours, so events attended by students should never be scheduled on floors three and above after 5:00 p.m unless you contact security to have the elevators unlocked for your event.
• To make a reservation, you should check to see if it is occupied at the time you would like to reserve it for. If the online schedule shows the room is not occupied, you should contact the person or group responsible for managing that room with the date, time, and name of the event you are reserving it for (“csXXXX grading meeting” will suffice, for example). The person or group responsible should be indicated next to the schedule link on the page. If a room is not listed online, send an email to mta@cs.brown.edu and the Meta TAs will help you in reserving the room.

• Remember to make your reservations well in advance of the actual event. Keep in mind, you may not be able to reserve the room you want at the time you need it. You will not want to go through the trouble of contacting all of your students to tell them there has been a last-minute change in plans.

5.4.2 Lockers, bins, etc.

Courses have three main forms of physical storage available to them: lockers (which students have no access to), handin bins (which students can drop things off in, but not collect things from), and handback bins (which students can access, but only while the Fishbowl is open).

All are located on the second floor, in or near the Fishbowl. These are assigned according to need at the start of the semester during the all HTA meeting. The combinations for the lockers and keys to the handin bins are maintained by the Meta-TAs.

Card access for building access (CIT building and stairwell) is managed by Lori Agresti (laa, CIT 312) and department card access (Fishbowl, TA Lab, J-Lab) is managed by Kathy Kirman (kpk, CIT 572).

5.5 Resources

5.5.1 Printing

Courses are not permitted to use the fourth-floor copy machine. All printed materials should be printed from machines in the CIT. Only vital materials may be printed. Examples of vital materials include exams and collaboration policies. Examples of non-vital materials include course missives, syllabi, homeworks, and homework solutions. If you have questions about what constitutes “vital” material, direct them to the Meta-TAs. Your professor’s administrative assistant may also be able to assist you.

5.5.2 Shredding

All student work that is not picked up from the handback bins by the end of the semester must be removed and shredded to preserve student privacy. You can give materials to the Meta-TAs or to Lauren Clarke for shredding.
5.5.3 Supplies

All TAs have access to some necessary office supplies for TA-related work. They are kept in the copy room on the 4th floor. These supplies include pens and pencils, notepads, and whiteboard markers. If you need help with supplies, contact the Meta-TAs.

5.6 Technical Details

5.6.1 Mail aliases

Mail aliases (not to be confused with groups) control where mail addressed to csXX(head)tas@lists.brown.edu gets sent. The HTAs should be in the csXXheadtas alias and all UTAs and HTAs should be in the csXXtas alias. The members of these aliases are determined by their corresponding groups.

5.6.2 Groups

Each user is a member of certain groups which determine which files they have access to on department machines. You can check which groups a user is in by running “groups <user>”. To list all users who are in a certain group run “members <group>”. Each course has a TA group (csXXta), an HTA group (csXXhta), and a student group (csXXstudent). The meta-TAs will set up the TA and HTA groups once hiring decisions have been announced. If you need any corrections made, you can request changes by mailing problem@cs.brown.edu.

In addition to file permissions, groups are also used by the handin program (handin) to determine if a user is allowed to hand in assignments for a class (users must be in the TA group or student group for a course in order to hand in) and by the groups hook to load course hooks during shell initialization. A few other tools rely on groups for determining enrollment in a class.

5.6.3 Test accounts

All courses are entitled to a test account. These are accounts which are set up to have the same permissions as a student of your course to allow for testing course programs and scripts without TA permissions.

To see if your course already has a test account run “groups qaXX”, this should show that the user is in the csXXstudent group. If you receive an error message stating that there is no such user you can email problem@cs.brown.edu to request the account be created. If the account exists check your course directory for a file containing the account’s password (typically in /course/csXX/admin/csXX000.kerbpass). If you cannot find the password, please call 401-863-4357 or use the online chat system, here, to work with a "Pro-
Staff" person. The "Pro-Staff" members at the Helpdesk have full access to work with in setting/resetting the passwords for the QA Accounts. Once you reset the password, please record the password in a place where it will be easy for future TAs to find.

Some things you should always try using a test account:

- your student hooks
- any software being supported especially for your course
- Windows paths and settings (if you are using Windows)
- your handin scripts and any other scripts you have students run

5.6.4 Course Directories

Each course has a directory to store course course-related materials, including grades, course development work, student handins, project support code, etc. Non-course related files should never be stored in the course directory. Before the semester begins at least one of the HTAs for your course should go through the course directory, cleaning up, checking permissions and organizing as necessary.

5.6.5 Permissions

Every file in your course directory should be owned by either the TA group or HTA group and be group writable, otherwise other TAs (and future TAs) will not be able to edit the files. To help enforce this you should make sure that the setgid bit is set on all directories. This bit will force all new files within that directory to be created with the same group as the directory itself. To set this bit run “chmod g+s <dir>”. To give students access to files make them globally readable (but not writable).

Make sure that any lists or documents relating to TA hiring are readable only by HTAs and old grades are only readable by the professor.

It is important for files in the course directory to be organized in an intuitive way based on their permissions. Files with permissions other than TA-only (e.g. world-readable assignment handouts and the HTA-only documents) should be isolated in their own directories (e.g. handout for assignment handouts and admin/hta for HTA-only administrative files). This makes (manual and automated) permissions checking much easier.

If a file accidentally ends up with incorrect permissions or groups HTAs can use the chmod! and chgrp! commands to fix them. These commands are similar to the standard chmod and chgrp commands.
5.6.6 Directory Structure

Exact layouts vary from course to course, but normally they include a bin/ directory for course-specific binaries and scripts students will run, a tabin/ for TA-only scripts and binaries, an admin/ directory for administrative files (grades, student list, test account password, a TODO for the next year, etc.). The startups, handin, and www directories are dedicated to special purposes described elsewhere in this document.

You should also include a README in the root of your course directory describing its layout.

It is a good idea to keep TODO files associated with projects and handouts listing things which should be fixed in future years. This is where you should list complaints and suggestions from students as well as any good ideas you come up with which cannot be implemented immediately.

5.6.7 Snapshots

The department file server features snapshots. This means that every four hours a 'snapshot' of the current state of all files is taken. This snapshot can be accessed through the .snapshots directory (it exists within every directory on the file system, but will not be listed by the ls command or shown when using your shell's tab-completion functionality, however any command which uses it will succeed, try running ls .snapshots within your course directory).

The snapshots directory contains subdirectories named with the GMT timestamp of the time the snapshot in that directory was taken, for example /course/cs1670/asgn/.snapshots/@GMT-2017.08.04-08.00.02 contains a snapshot of the /course/cs1670/asgn/ directory taken at 8 AM on August 4th, 2017.

The contents of the snapshots directory are read-only; however you can restore your files by copying them back in to the regular file system.

The department information page on snapshots is available at: http://cs.brown.edu/system/snapshots/

WARNING: No one (not even root) can modify snapshots. This means that if a file is left world-readable long enough for it to become part of a snapshot, it will remain world-readable in that snapshot until the snapshot expires (at worst this can take several weeks). Therefore, it is very important to make sure that permissions are set correctly on sensitive materials such as grades, solutions, and handins.

5.6.7 Web

Each course has a web directory at /pro/web/web/courses/csXXXX, which should be
symlinked from /course/csXXX/www.

This directory should contain a home.html or index.html file, which will be the home page for your course website. You can access your course website by going to:

http://www.cs.brown.edu/courses/csXXX/

You will probably want to limit accessibility to certain parts of your web page (e.g. solutions, online book, etc.). To restrict access to a file (e.g. based on client IP address), use an .htaccess file (http:// httpd.apache.org/docs/current/howto/htaccess.html, http://cs.brown.edu/system/web/restrict. html). Keep in mind that anyone with a department account can browse your web directory, using .htaccess files will not change this.

5.6.8 Startups

The department provides special startup hooks which are executed by every user on login based on the groups they belong to. Users in the student group for a course will run the /local/projects/hooks/courses/csXXXstudent hook. Users in the TA group for a course will run the /local/projects/hooks/courses/csXXXta hook. In order to make changes to your course’s hooks, contact the Meta-TAs.

Remember that hooks must be run by the user’s shell, so the hooks file must only contain shell-independent commands. Hook files also should not be very invasive, they should not modify any of the student’s files, including configuration files (directly or indirectly).

The default hook file adds the /course/csXXX/bin directory to student’s paths and the /course/csXXX/tabin directory to TA’s paths.

5.6.9 Tech Support

The Meta-TAs are available for a reasonable amount of tech support on startups, scripting, software maintenance, web maintenance, permissions and course directory organization, user applications, and of course, the supported software. This is available to HTAs, plus any UTAs who are working on the more technical aspects of the course.

Note that, while you are not required to use any of the supported software, the MTAs might not be willing to provide much support for an alternative solution if there’s a supported solution you’re not taking advantage of.

Courses may also submit general technical requests to tstaff by emailing problem.
5.6.10 HTA Tech Guide

The tech guide is a repository for scripts, documents, and other software developed by individual courses but that might, today or some other day, be useful to other courses. These programs are not officially supported, though tech support is available per usual.

Additions are welcome to this guide! Email the Meta-TAs with any scripts or information to add.

5.7 Miscellaneous Reference

5.7.1 Collaboration

Situations of suspected collaboration are among the most stressful and frustrating situations experienced by TAs, professors, and the students suspected of policy violation.

TAs should be proactive in alerting their HTAs and professors to cases of suspected inappropriate collaboration. However, their involvement in the investigation ends there.

HTAs may be asked to assist the professor “off-line” in documenting the grounds for a code violation charge but should under no circumstances be present if students are confronted on a charge.

Collaboration observed in the lab or in other public spaces should be brought to the attention of a HTA, who should, if possible, confront the individual at the time of the occurrence, then bring the incident to the attention of any other HTAs and the professor. As a HTA, you should instruct your UTAs as to what course of action they should take when encountering collaboration in the lab. There should be no improvisation: tell your UTAs exactly what they should do and say in these situations.

All information relating to collaboration policy infractions is extremely confidential and only released on a need-to-know basis. UTAs working on identifying collaboration cases should report their findings to HTAs, but must not discuss them with the rest of the staff. Similarly, HTAs should not be made aware of the actual outcome of a case unless it pertains to the course (i.e. they need to know if the student received a directed NC on an assignment; all other outcomes should be phrased as “the issue has been resolved”). This is a university policy, designed for the students’ protection, which we take very seriously.

The Director of Undergraduate Studies and the Department Chair are the only other people who may be involved in these cases.

Brown’s Academic Code:
http://www.brown.edu/Administration/Dean_of_the_College/curriculum/academic_code.
5.7.2 Struggling students

The first thing to worry about is identifying students who are having trouble. There are many ways to do this, depending on how your course works. Low grades on homeworks or projects are useful, but sometimes indicate just bad time management skills rather than trouble with the material. Labs or other situations where TAs get to watch students working with the material directly are more useful. Note students who consistently don’t finish labs on time. Talking to students, whether during labs, on hours, in interactive grading, etc., is very useful also. Note who tends to have the most misconceptions about the material, and who tends to come to hours the most with very general questions and misunderstandings (as opposed to just clarifications).

After the first month or so of classes, it is possible to form an idea of which students are consistently having trouble and are in danger of failing if nothing changes. Do not wait until the middle of the semester to do something with this information. Try to act on it as soon as possible so that students have the greatest number of options available to them.

Meet with your professor (if you don’t do that already) and talk about these students. Each TA is likely to know about only some subset of the students, so make sure everyone gets to talk. Mention examples of things that they asked on hours that you would not have expected anyone to ask. Talk about their performance in lab. Try to get a sense of why they’re having trouble (lack of time, bad time management, emotional issues, lack of effort, etc.) and make sure other TAs know about all of this so that they know what to expect from these students on hours and in labs.

Make sure the professor is aware of students who are having trouble, and have him or her try talking to them as soon as possible. The easiest way to do this is to have the professor send them an email asking them to come to office hours or set up an appointment.

Try to give some special attention to these students (within reason). Keep them interested in the class by acting enthusiastic and interested on hours and complimenting their work in labs. When trying to help them on hours, be sure not to assume they understand previously covered concepts, and be prepared to explain material from weeks ago, if they never really learned it then.

Students that struggle in a course often consider dropping it for one reason or another. There is not much you can do about this besides being understanding when students ask for extensions, but there will be students who struggle and do not ask. When a project is due, keep an eye out for students who hand in nothing. Try to contact each of them individually if you can after any late-handin deadline is passed. This way you find out about any handin problems or personal emergencies, and it will be helpful and appreciated. It is a great way to
help people avoid dropping out of the course.

5.7.3 Institutional memory

Future iterations of the course can benefit greatly from constructive advice left behind by former UTAs and HTAs. The professor can do a lot in this role as well. Without recording your history, you really will end up repeating it.

You may wish to implement any (or all!) of the following suggestions in order to help your course improve for future generations of TAs and students:

- Maintain TODO files for all projects, labs, etc.
- Write up documentation for any scripts the course uses to grade, keep track of grades, or any other mechanics.
- Hold a hand-off meeting with next year’s HTAs. Come with a few things in mind that you would like to bring up and let them ask questions.
- Write up a concise week-by-week timeline for the course: what needs to be happening at each part of the semester?

5.7.4 Technical Support for your Students

Students can receive technical assistance not directly related to course-specific software (e.g. remote login issues, limited shells, etc.) from the Sunlab consultants. Introductory-level courses should acquaint their students with the basics of Linux if they intend to use it during the semester, but after that, students should direct their questions to the consultant on duty. In addition, consultants can do a systems presentation at an introductory course’s first labs; please contact the head consultant for more information.

Courses below the thousand-level using Linux are encouraged to evangelize remote login to their students to avoid crowding in the Sunlab. Instructions are available at http://cs.brown.edu/about/system/connecting/

Please distribute this remote login information to your students. Try to avoid using a different set of instructions for your course.

5.7.5 HTA recruiting

Toward the end of your class, you should ask your UTAs to consider their interest in HTA’ing the following year. If course development seems worth doing, the summer before is really the time to do it (even for spring courses!). Getting the current UTAs thinking ahead to the following year may also encourage them to put some extra thought into long-term goals and to write down ideas as they go.
5.3.6 End-of-semester tasks

Before you shake off the burden of responsibility for your course, please remember to take care of wrapping up your course at the end of the semester.

- Clean out your course’s locker, handin bin, and handback bin. These should be emptied before the end of the semester. Do not leave any important, confidential, or otherwise valuable papers in these cabinets. Any remaining student work must be given to the Meta-TAs or Lauren Clarke for shredding. Anything left in any one of them will be removed and shredded before the next semester.
- Return your handin bin keys to the Meta-TAs
- If any students have incompletes, put a list together and circulate it to the professor and other head TAs, and keep reasonably close tabs on them.
- Plan for an HTA organizational meeting with the professor and the next year’s HTAs. If this is not possible, arrange for an in-person or written “exit interview” to pass on some official course-specific advice to the next HTAs.
- Clean out your course directory. Remove unnecessary material, like handins, etc.
- Complete final evaluations for all your UTAs

6 Conclusion

Phew! That is quite a lot of information. If you have questions about anything covered in this document, or feel that something has been left out, or are just puzzled about what to do as a head TA, do not hesitate to contact the Meta-TAs at mta@cs.brown.edu.