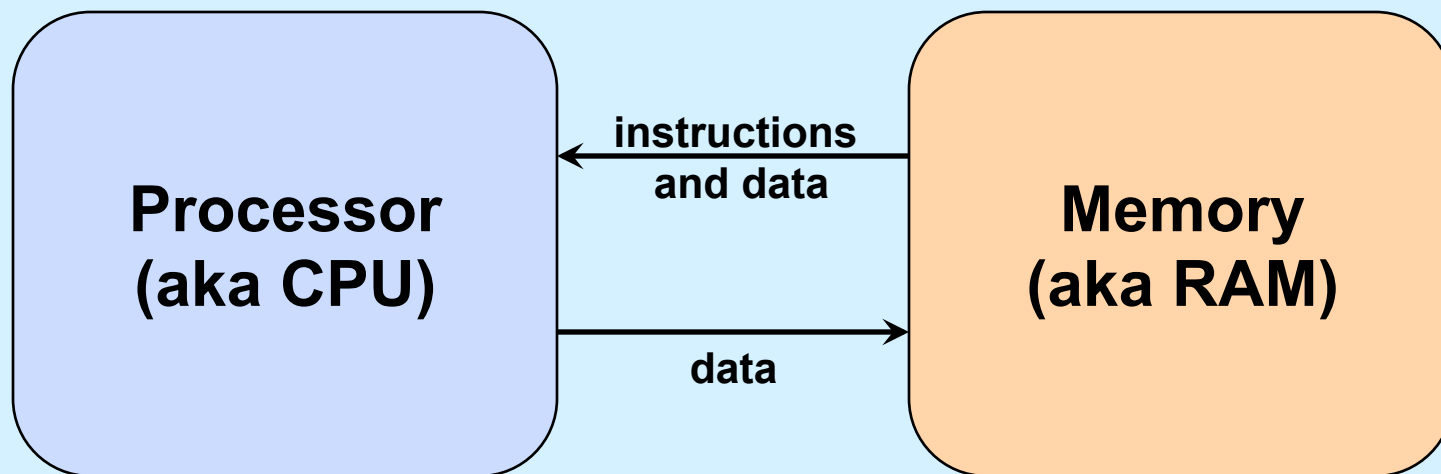


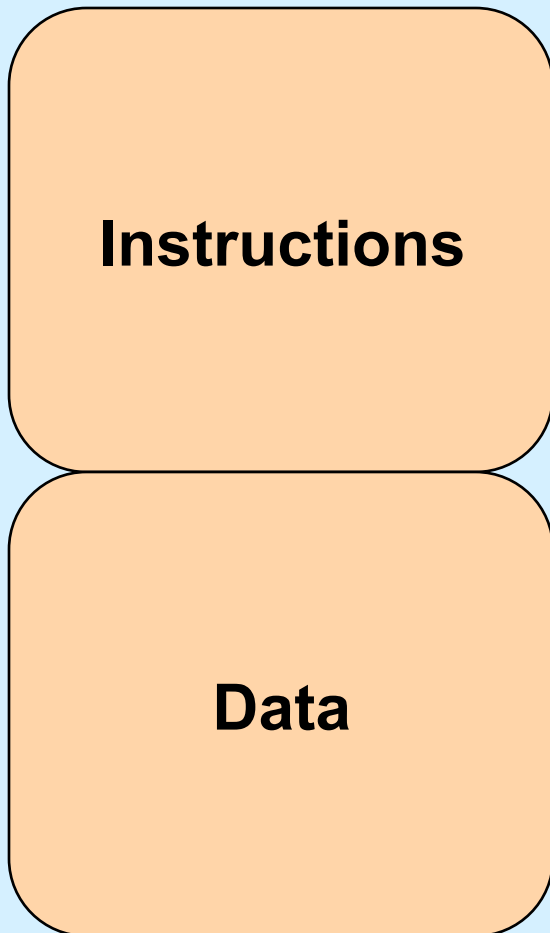
CS 33

Intro to Machine Programming

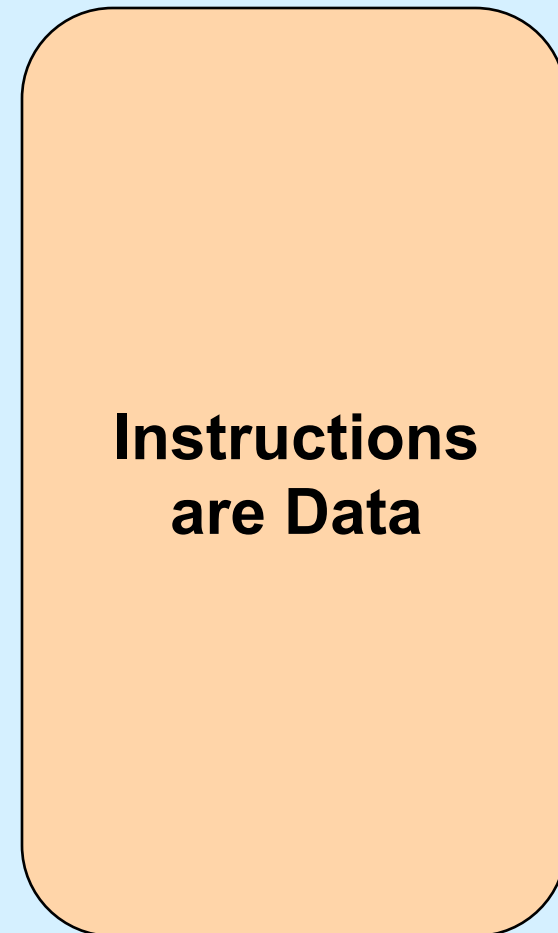
Machine Model



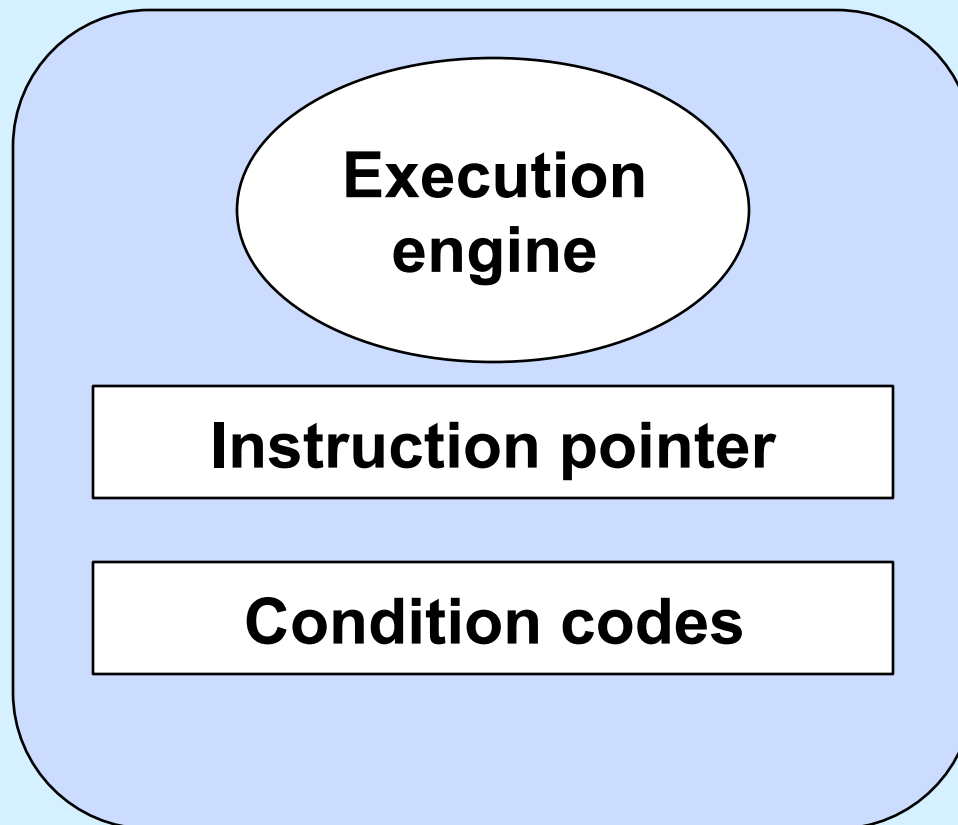
Memory



or



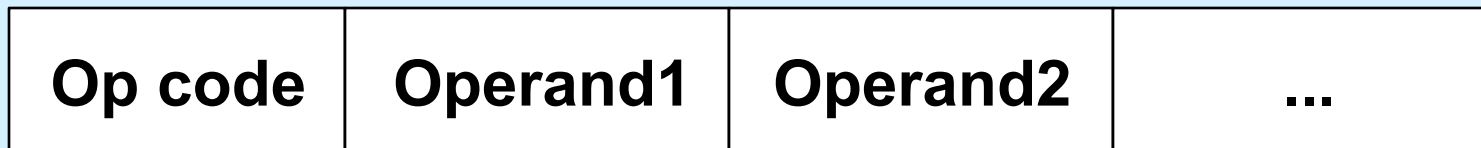
Processor: Some Details



Processor: Basic Operation

```
while (forever) {  
  fetch instruction IP points at  
  decode instruction  
  fetch operands  
  execute  
  store results  
  update IP and condition code  
}
```

Instructions ...



Operands

- **Form**
 - immediate vs. reference
 - » value vs. address
- **How many?**
 - 3
 - » add a,b,c
 - $c = a + b$
 - 2
 - » add a,b
 - $b += a$

Operands (continued)

- **Accumulator**
 - **special memory in the processor**
 - » known as a *register*
 - » fast access
 - **allows single-operand instructions**
 - » add a
 - `acc += a`
 - » add b
 - `acc += b`

From C to Assembler ...

```
a = (b + c) * d;
```

```
mov    b,%acc  
add    c,%acc  
mul    d,%acc  
mov    %acc,a
```

```
if (a<b)  
    c = 1;  
else  
    d = 1;
```

```
cmp    a,b  
jge    .L1  
mov    $1,c  
jmp    .L2  
.L1  
mov    $1,d  
.L2
```

immediate operand

immediate operand

Condition Codes

- **Set of flags giving status of most recent operation:**
 - **zero flag**
 - » result was or was not zero
 - **sign flag**
 - » for signed arithmetic interpretation: sign bit is or is not set
 - **overflow flag**
 - » for signed arithmetic interpretation
 - **carry flag (generated by carry or borrow out of most-significant bit)**
 - » for unsigned arithmetic interpretation
- **Set implicitly by arithmetic instructions**
- **Set explicitly by compare instruction**
 - **cmp a,b**
 - » sets flags based on result of $b-a$

Quiz 1

- **Set of flags giving status of most recent operation:**
 - zero flag
 - » result was or was not zero
 - sign flag
 - » for signed arithmetic interpretation: sign bit is or is not set
 - overflow flag
 - » for signed arithmetic interpretation
 - carry flag (generated by carry or borrow out of most-significant bit)
 - » for unsigned arithmetic interpretation
- **Set explicitly by compare instruction**
 - `cmp a,b`
 - » sets flags based on result of `b-a`

Which flags are set by “`cmp 2,1`”?

- a) overflow flag only**
- b) carry flag only**
- c) sign and carry flags only**
- d) sign and overflow flags only**
- e) sign, overflow, and carry flags**

Jump Instructions

- **Unconditional jump**
 - just do it
- **Conditional jump**
 - to jump or not to jump determined by condition-code flags
 - field in the op code indicates how this is computed
 - in assembler language, simply say
 - » **je**
 - jump on equal
 - » **jne**
 - jump on not equal
 - » **jgt**
 - jump on greater than
 - » **etc.**

Addresses

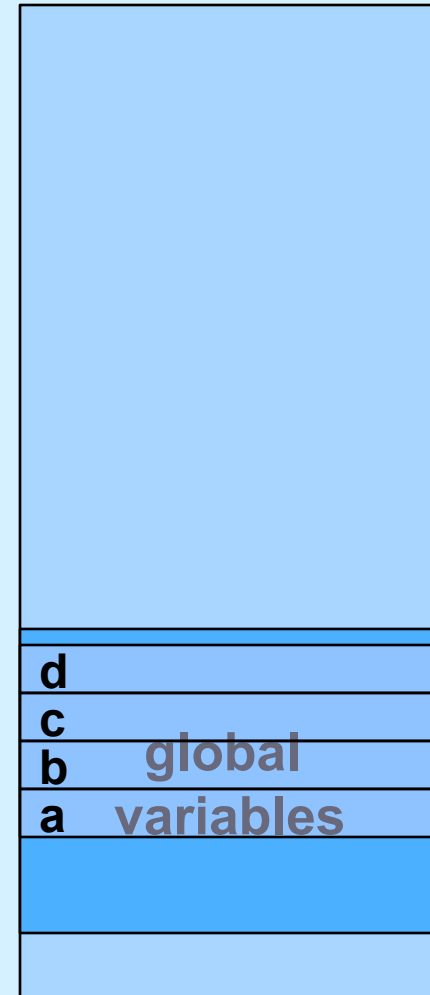
```
int a, b, c, d;

int main() {
    a = (b + c) * d;
    ...
}
```

```
mov    b,%acc
add    c,%acc
mul    d,%acc
mov    %acc,a
```

```
mov    1004,%acc
add    1008,%acc
mul    1012,%acc
mov    %acc,1000
```

1012: d
1008: c
1004: b **global**
1000: a **variables**



Memory

Addresses

```
int b;
```

```
int func(int c, int d) {  
    int a;  
    a = (b + c) * d;  
    ...  
}
```

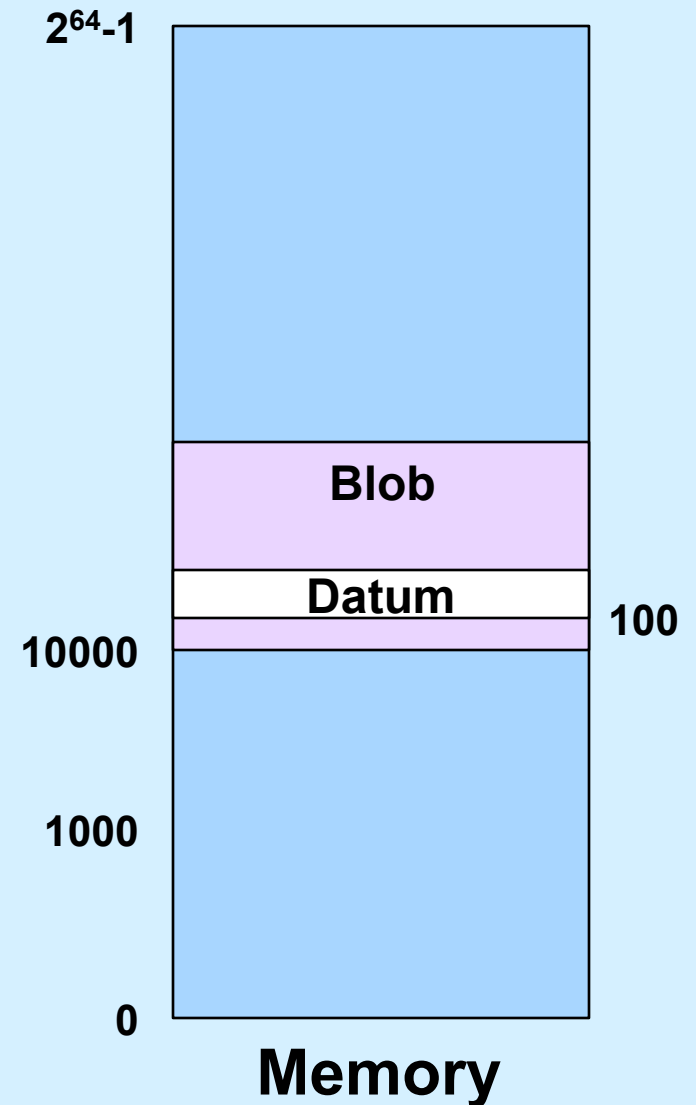
```
mov    ?, %acc  
add    ?, %acc  
mul    ?, %acc  
mov    %acc, ?
```

- One copy of *b* for duration of program's execution
 - *b*'s address is the same for each call to *func*
- Different copies of *a*, *c*, and *d* for each call to *func*
 - addresses are different in each call

Relative Addresses

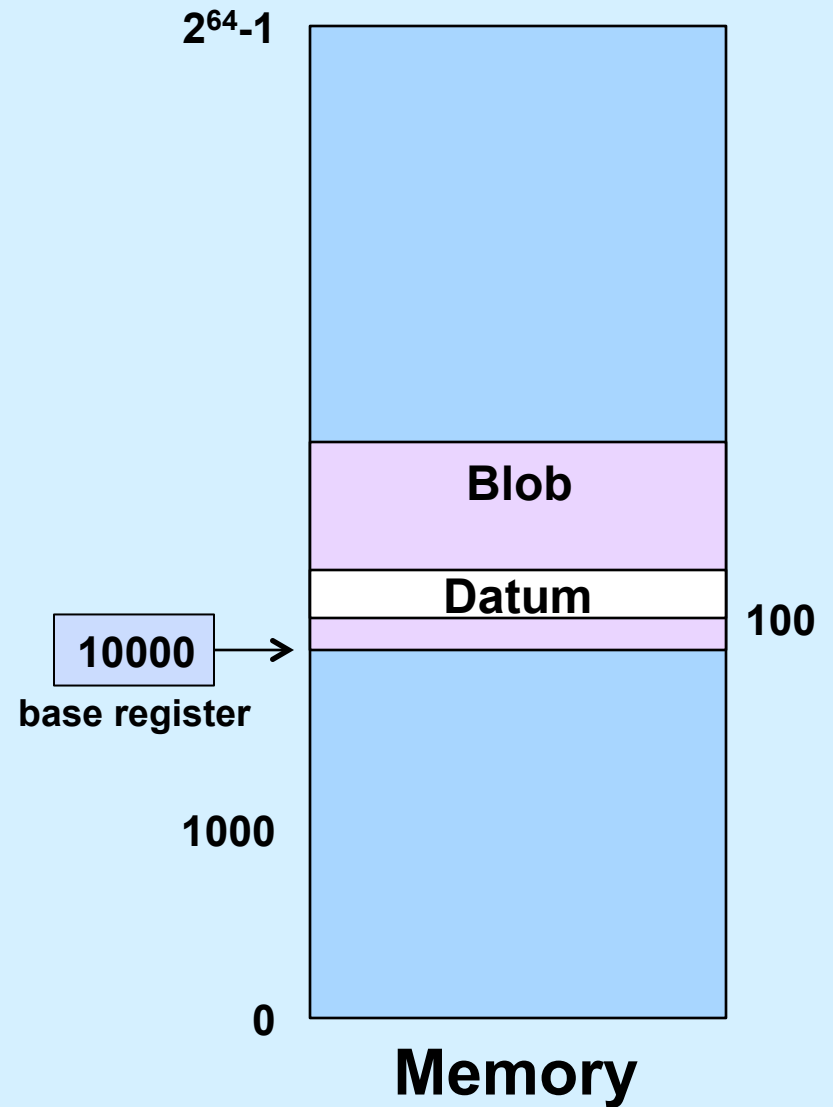
- **Absolute address**
 - actual location in memory
- **Relative address**
 - offset from some other location

- Blob's absolute address is 10000
- Datum's relative address (to Blob) is 100
 - its absolute address is 10100



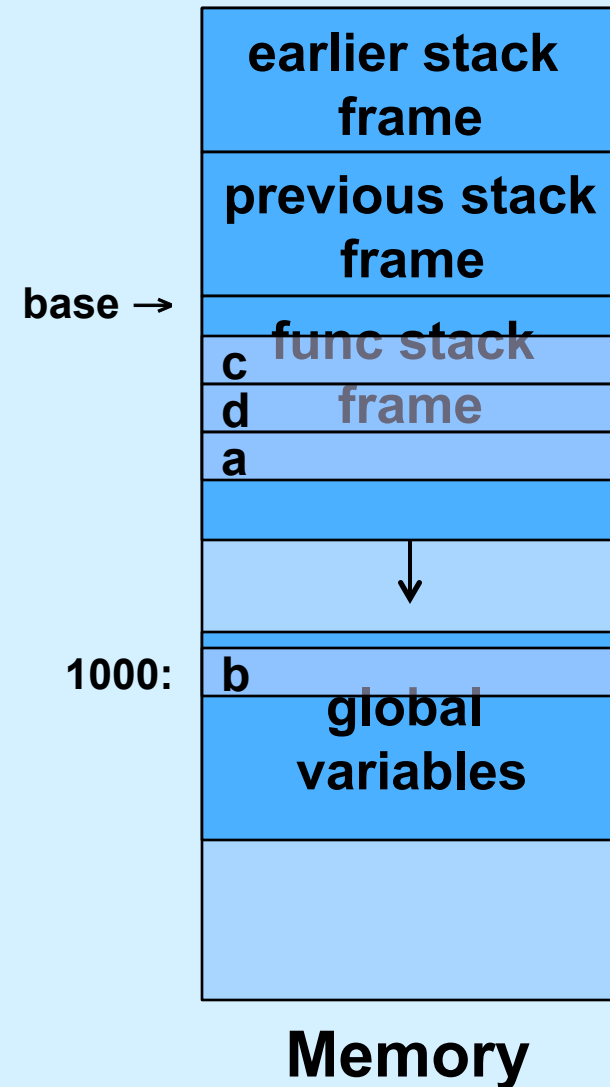
Base Registers

```
mov $10000, %base  
mov $10, 100(%base)
```



Addresses

```
int b;  
  
int func(int c, int d) {  
    int a;  
    a = (b + c) * d;  
    ...  
}  
  
mov    1000,%acc  
add    c_rel(%base),%acc  
mul    d_rel(%base),%acc  
mov    %acc,a_rel(%base)
```

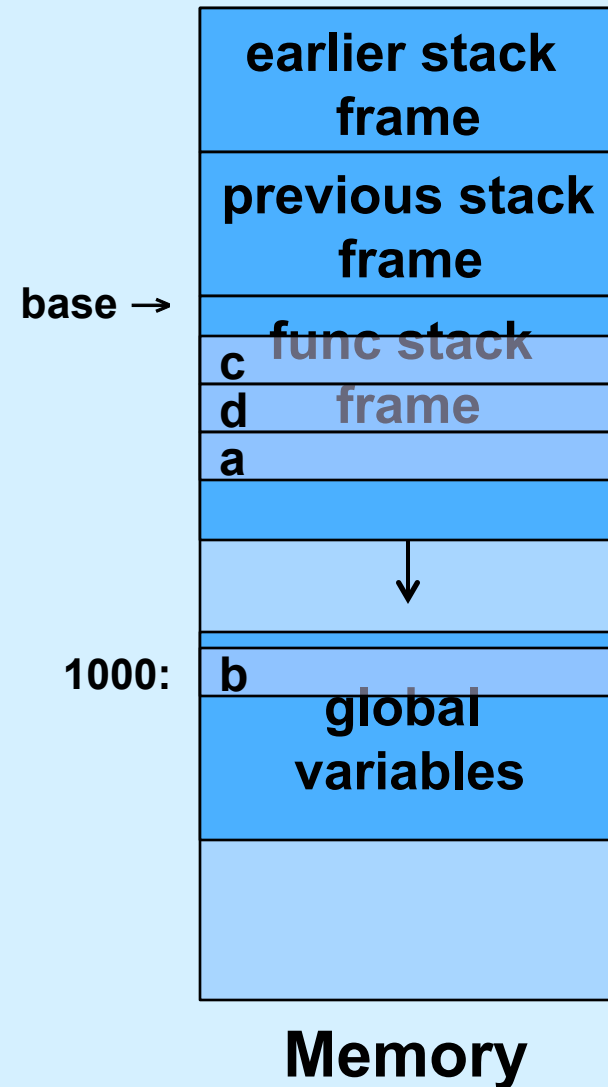


Quiz 2

Suppose the value in *base* is 10,000 and *c_rel* is -8. What is the address of *c*?

- a) 9992
- b) 9996
- c) 10,004
- d) 10,008

```
mov    1000,%acc
add    c_rel(%base),%acc
mul    d_rel(%base),%acc
mov    %acc,a_rel(%base)
```



Registers

